

THIS BROCHURE PROVIDED BY CRAIG DELGER - MONTANA REAL ESTATE EXPERT

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00 Above Paradise Trail, Livingston MT 59047

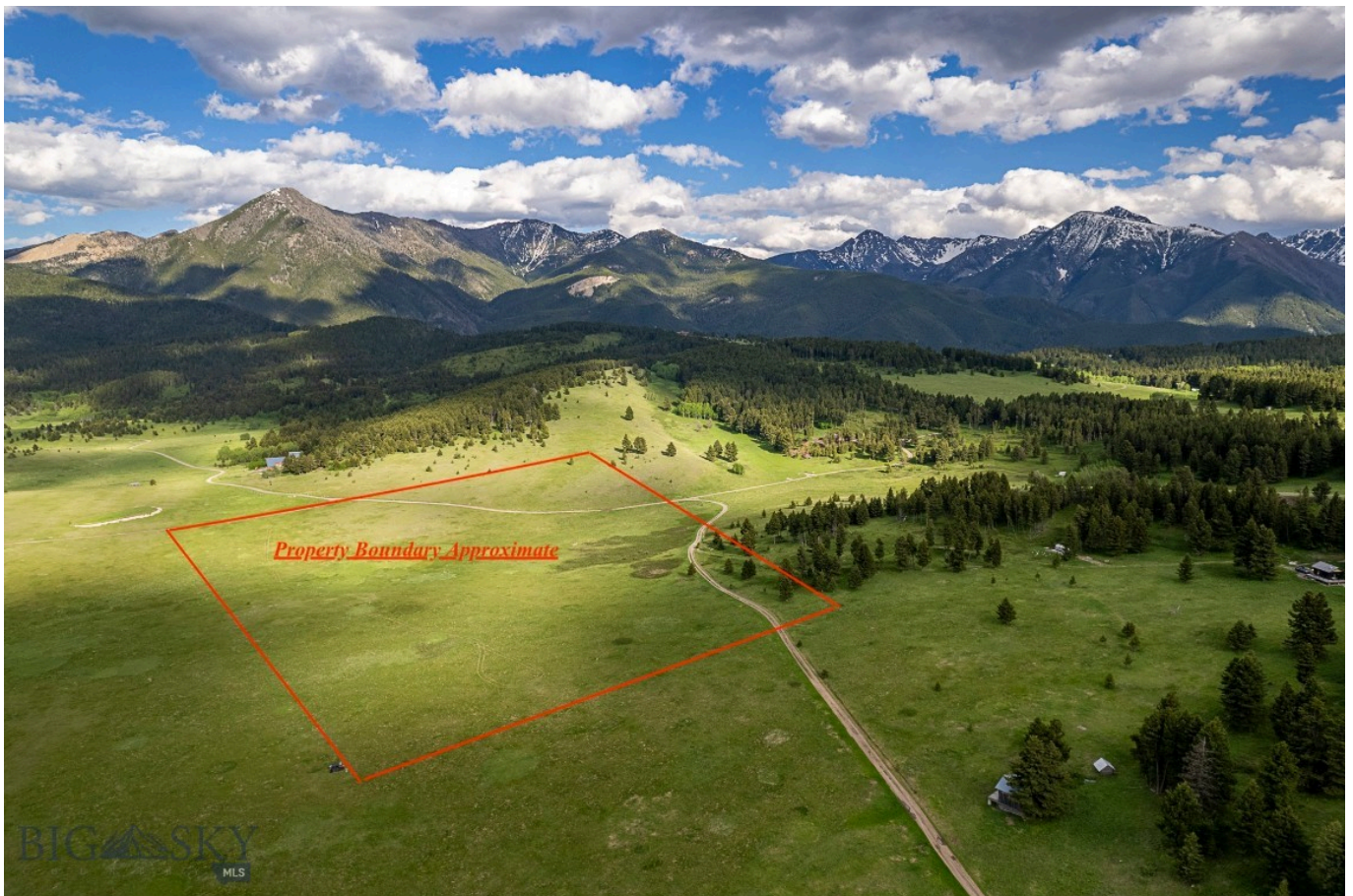
\$299,500

Acres: ± 20

MLS#: 406923

INTRODUCTION

Mountain Meadow Property with Electricity! This 20 acres has multiple build sites and the land is very friendly for development and livestock, if desired. The Livingston Peak land is a rare treasure and a mountain retreat like this would be nearly impossible today - especially for the price. Within a mile is 990,000 acres of USFS and Wilderness land for exploring adventures. There is a community water system (spring water) that allows owners to fill up water storage tanks in fall, spring, and summer. Excellent views are included. Note: THIS IS NOT YEAR ROUND ACCESS UNLESS YOU HAVE TRACK MACHINES OR X COUNTRY SKIS, but once you are there in the winter it is magical and private. Come get away and own the Mountain Meadow Property - they aren't making any more of these! Easy carry cost with \$59 property taxes and \$250 fee to maintain water system and some road work. 8 miles from county road, using non winter maintained Forest Service Road and private road behind locked gate. MLS# 406923



FEATURES

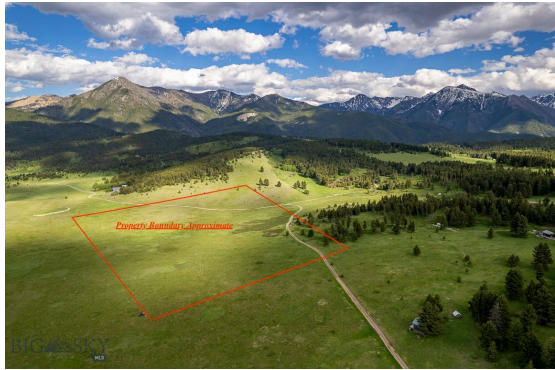
Status:	Active
Type:	Land
Sub Type:	UnimprovedLand
Acres:	± 20
View:	Meadow, Mountains
Listing Date:	2025-11-06
Listing Agent:	Bruce Lay of Maverick Realty

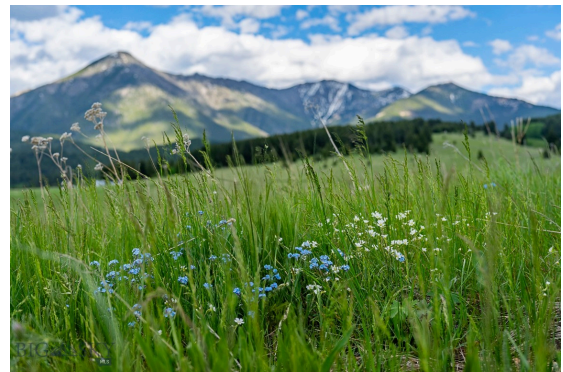
LOCATION

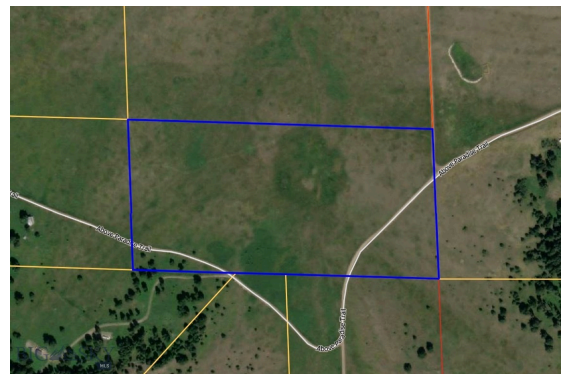
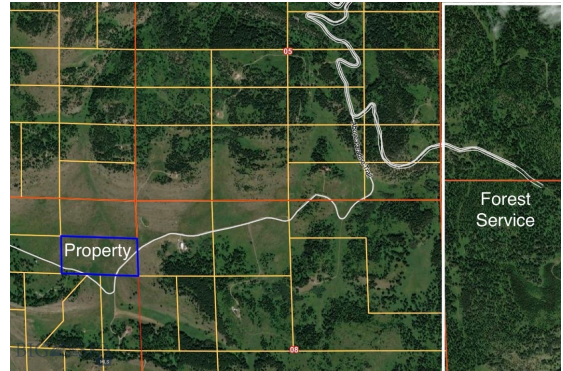
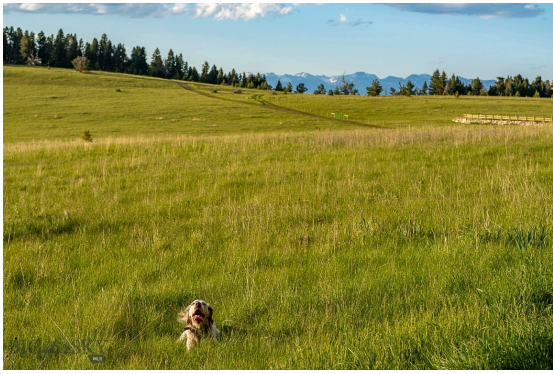


Address: 00 Above Paradise Trail, Livingston MT 59047

PHOTOS







PARK COUNTY

Park County, Montana's estimated population is 16,438 with a growth rate of 1.94% in the past year according to the most recent United States census data. Park County, Montana is the 11th largest county in Montana. Park County has a total area of 2,813 square miles (1.8 million acres or 7,290 km²), of which 2,803 square miles (7,260 km²) is land and 10.4 square miles (27 km²) (0.4%) is water. The highest natural point in Montana, Granite Peak at 12,807 feet (3,904m), is located in Park County.



Paradise Valley is a major river valley of the Yellowstone River in southwestern Montana just north of Yellowstone National Park in the southern portion of Park County, Montana. The valley is flanked by the Absaroka Range on the east and the Gallatin Range on the west. The Yellowstone River, one of Montana's Blue Ribbon Trout Rivers, flows through Paradise Valley and is noted for world-class fly fishing in the river and nearby spring creeks such as DePuy Spring Creek. The valley hosts other natural wonders such as several natural hot springs, including Chico Hot Springs near Emigrant, Montana, La Duke Hot Springs near Gardiner, and Hunter's Hot Springs near Livingston. A small part of Yellowstone National Park is located in the extreme southern part of the county.

The northern end of Park County, Montana contains the Shields River Valley. The Shields River is a tributary of the Yellowstone River. It flows west, then south, between the Bridger Range to the west and the Crazy Mountains to the east, past Wilsall and Clyde Park. It joins the Yellowstone approximately 10 mi (16 km) northeast of Livingston, MT.

INVESTING IN MONTANA RANCH LAND



Interest in Montana ranch land as an investment has been strong over the last several years. Throughout Montana, but particularly in Southwest Montana we have seen increased demand for ranches as a safe investment. Making the decision to pursue investing in ranch land can be incredibly rewarding (both personally and financially) but there are a lot of factors that go into investing and owning ranch land. "Ranch" is a general term that can describe a wide range of property from large income producing cattle ranches, smaller recreational properties, fly fishing properties, hunting ranches, or horse properties with just a few acres. All of these definitions of ranch property are in demand in Montana, and are appreciating in value over the long term. However, income producing ranch land is the most stable, and is in the highest demand by investors.

Before buying property in Montana it is important to understand Montana Water Rights. All water in Montana is owned by the State. A Montana Water Right allows you to legally use water in a prescribed manner, but not to own the water itself. Montana's water law is based in the Doctrine of Prior Appropriation – First in Time, First in Right. Water rights are ranked according to the date on which the water was first put to beneficial use. Priority dates dictate the volume and distribution of water from wells, rivers, and streams. Landowners must put the water to beneficial use without waste to retain their right to use Montana's water. Without diversion and beneficial use, there is no water right.





A conservation easement is a legal agreement between a landowner and a land trust that limits the uses of the land in order to protect its conservation values. The landowner retains title to the property. The creation of the conservation easement can qualify as a one-time donation that has tax benefits. The conservation easement runs with the title, meaning that if the property is purchased by a new owner, the conservation easement remains. Land ownership carries with it a bundle of rights—the right to occupy, lease, sell, develop, construct buildings, farm, restrict access or

harvest timber, among others. A landowner can give up one or more of those rights for a purpose such as conservation while retaining ownership of the remainder of the rights. In ceding a right, the landowner “eases” it to another entity, such as a land trust. For example, a landowner may give up the right to build additional structures while retaining the right to grow crops.

Landowners looking to sell their property can use conservation easements to protect what future owners are able to do with the property. This typically reduces the marketable value of the property. If the conservation is setup properly, the landowners are able to take advantage of tax benefits associated with the creation and “donation” of the conservation easement. The potential tax benefits of a donated conservation easement are two-fold. First, income tax benefits may exist at the federal level. There may be benefits at the state level as well. However, state property taxes can not be reduced by a donation of a conservation easement in Montana. Second, the conservation easement works as an estate planning tool to reduce estate tax liability. To qualify for a tax deduction, the donation of a conservation easement must be considered a charitable gift by the IRS (Internal Revenue Service). It is strongly recommended that a qualified tax professional review the conservation easement donation to ensure it meets IRS requirements. A tax deductible, charitable donation can only be made to an IRS qualified tax-exempt organization. The donation of a conservation easement must be complete and irrevocable in perpetuity. In order to claim a tax deduction on the donation of a conservation easement the landowner must obtain a qualified appraisal by a state certified appraiser.

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MONTANA REAL ESTATE EXPERT

Delger Real Estate sold over \$155 Million in Real Estate in 2016-2023. Recognized experts in Internet Marketing and Technology, Delger Real Estate are able to generate maximum exposure for their real estate listings. The result: according to ListHub, Delger Real Estate listings outperform 98% of the market. We encourage you to contact Craig to learn more about ranch and recreational real estate in Montana.

*POWERED BY INTELLIGENT MARKETING, PROPRIETARY TECHNOLOGY, AND
LOCAL EXPERTISE*



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